Will it rain?, Will it flood?



How to know?, How to convey?

"Floods are among the Earth's most common – and most destructive – natural hazards"



Credit: Howard Greenblatt FEMA.gov

Global Flood Partnership 27 June 2017

Global Flooding....Quite a Challenge

Flooding due to different phenomena

"Tuning Weather into Impact"

Flash Floods (thunderstorms – minutes to hours) River flooding (more persistent rainfall – hours to days to weeks depending on basin Snow melt critical factor in some locations

Lots of Data to Know / Integrate / Model

Precipitation, soil moisture, terrain, vegetation, slope, etc.
GIS is a great integrator of putting together
Modeling is critical (need a matched system)
All data have weakness; key is to be consistent / put together smartly and know the basis
Satellite based information critical but needs processed / models guide search

All about context

Global Rainfall Return Global Intensity-Duration-Frequency Comparable forecast methodology to historical methodology

Convey Information

Timeliness is key; resolution is demanding; impact is critical

GeoVisual Search combined with **Planet** data represents the next generation in global analytics

Search Guided by flood inundation modeling / forecasts

South Carolina Flooding from Hurricane Matthew

Global Capability (Pioneer Satellite)

GIS shape file developed from band processing (3 meter resolution allows house analysis)

Tucson, Arizona Flash Flood Potential Index (developed from NOAA research paper)



Develop globally / make interactive with statistical / dynamic using GIS based modeling